

# Northern Lights CO<sub>2</sub> transport and storage project



# The Northern Lights Project - transport and storage of CO<sub>2</sub>

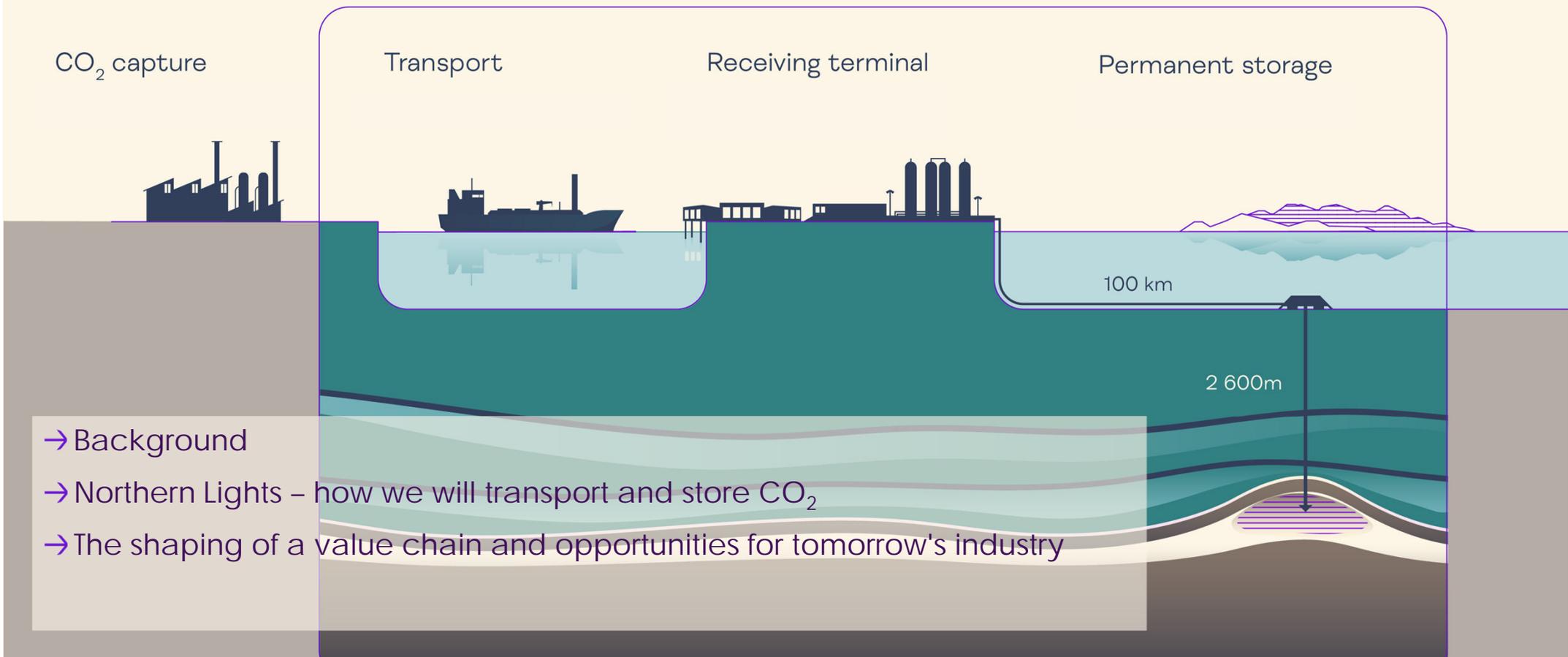


CO<sub>2</sub> capture

Transport

Receiving terminal

Permanent storage



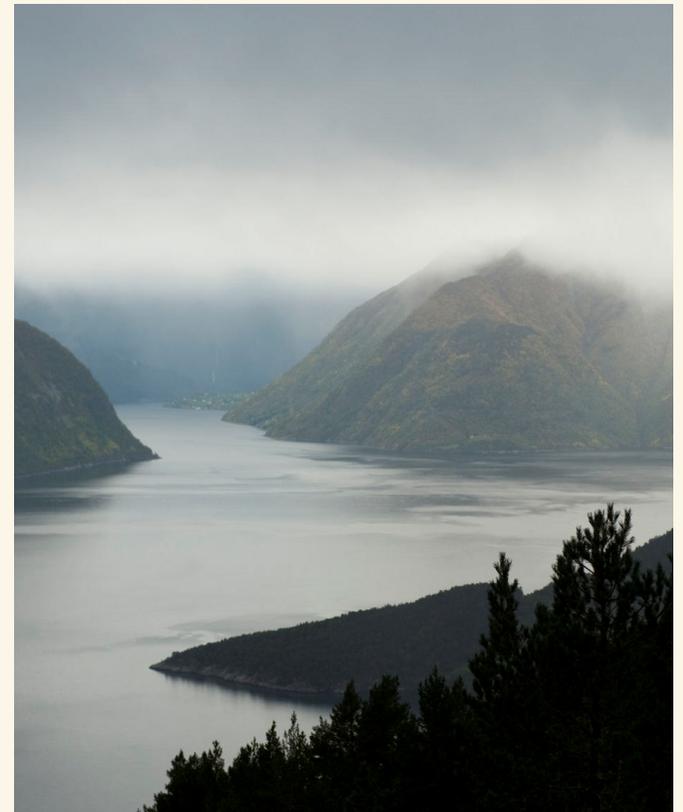
→ Background

→ Northern Lights – how we will transport and store CO<sub>2</sub>

→ The shaping of a value chain and opportunities for tomorrow's industry

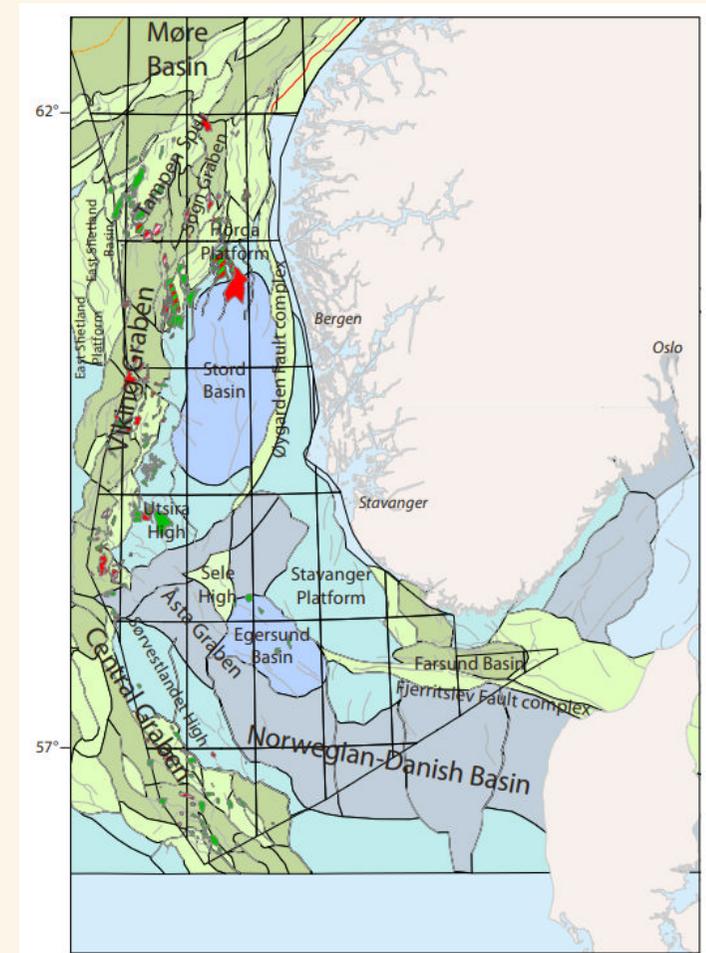
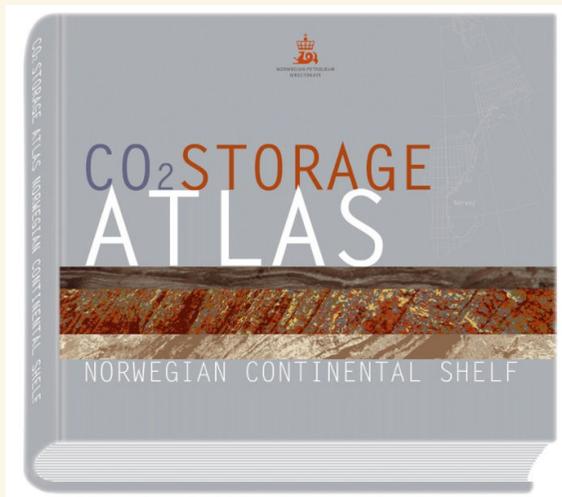
# CC in a global context

- CO<sub>2</sub> emissions are too high
- Renewable energy is key for reducing emissions, but the growth rate is not high enough
- Carbon Capture and Storage can help bridge this gap
- Currently there is no effective infrastructure or market in place for capturing and storing CO<sub>2</sub>



# CCS in Norway

- Digital storage atlas published in 2015 by NPD
- Need a good seal
- Need to be able to inject in supercritical phase



# Long ship - Northern Lights scope



## NORTHERN LIGHTS SCOPE

### CO<sub>2</sub> capture

Capture from industrial plants.  
Liquefaction and temporary storage.



### Transport

Liquid CO<sub>2</sub>  
transported by ship.



### Receiving terminal

Intermediate onshore storage.  
Pipeline transport to offshore  
storage location.

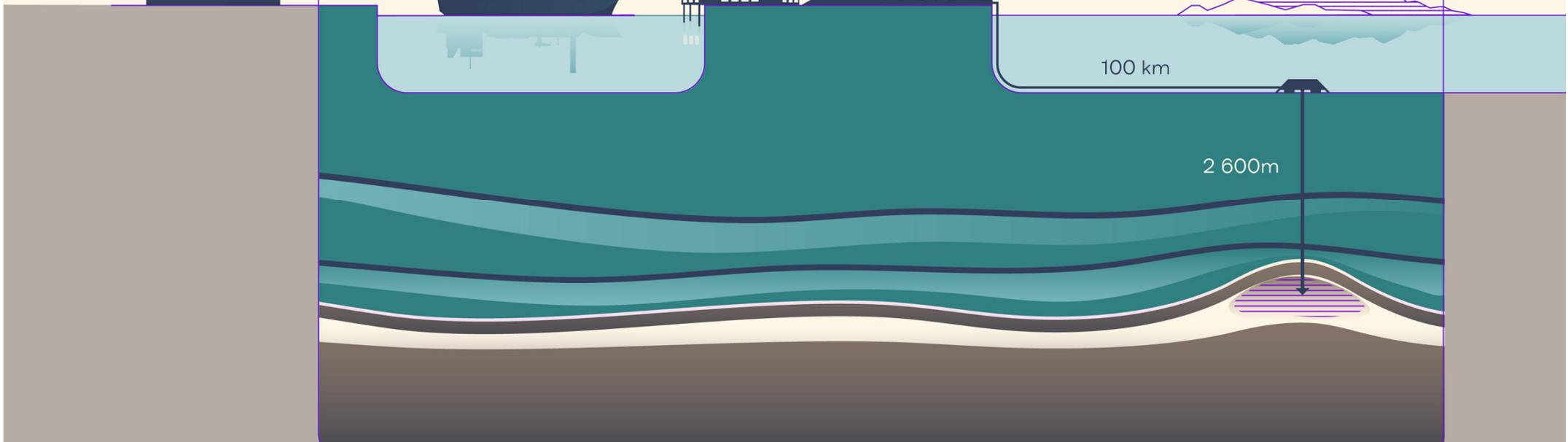


### Permanent storage

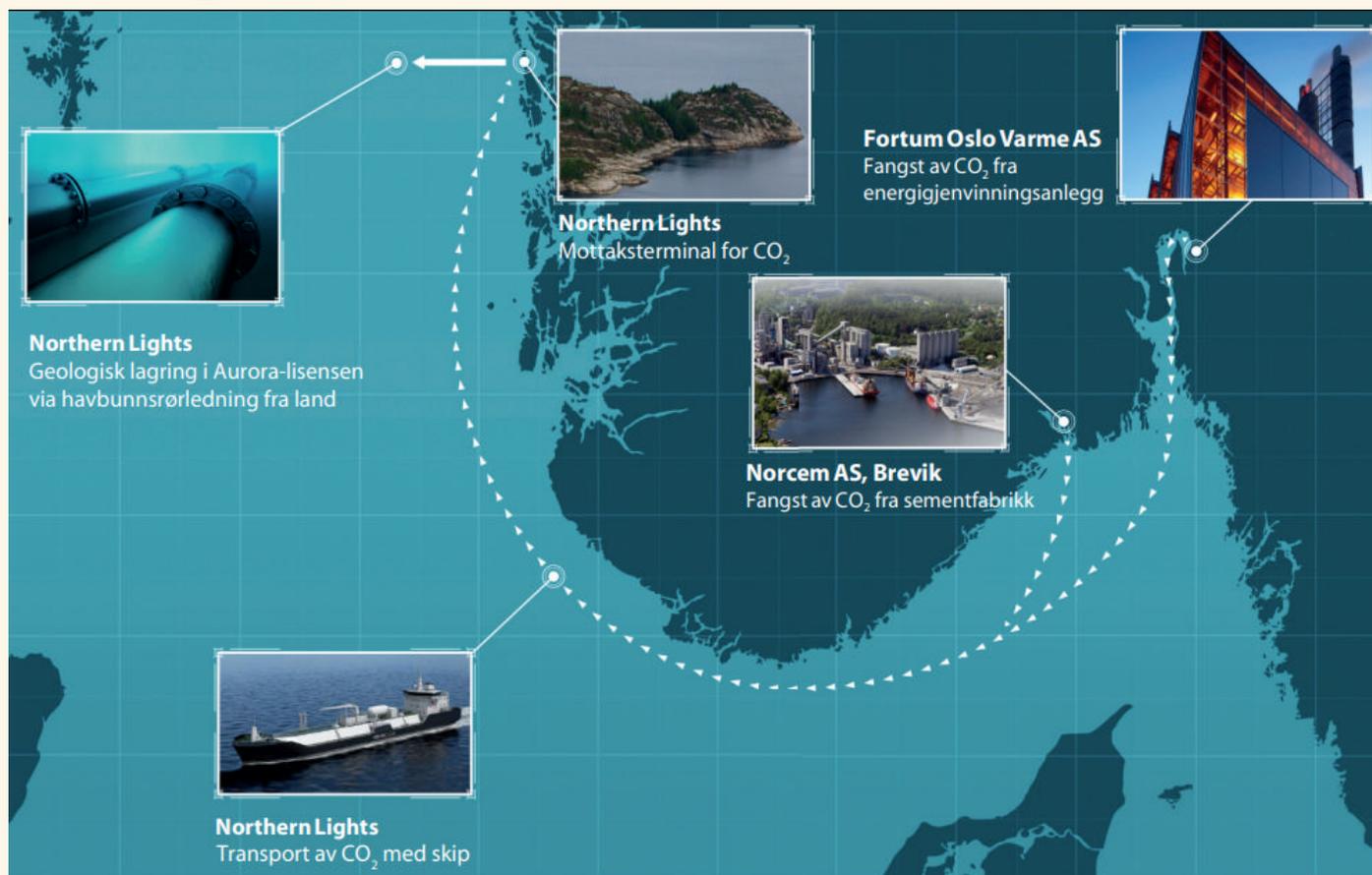
CO<sub>2</sub> is injected into a saline aquifer.

100 km

2 600m

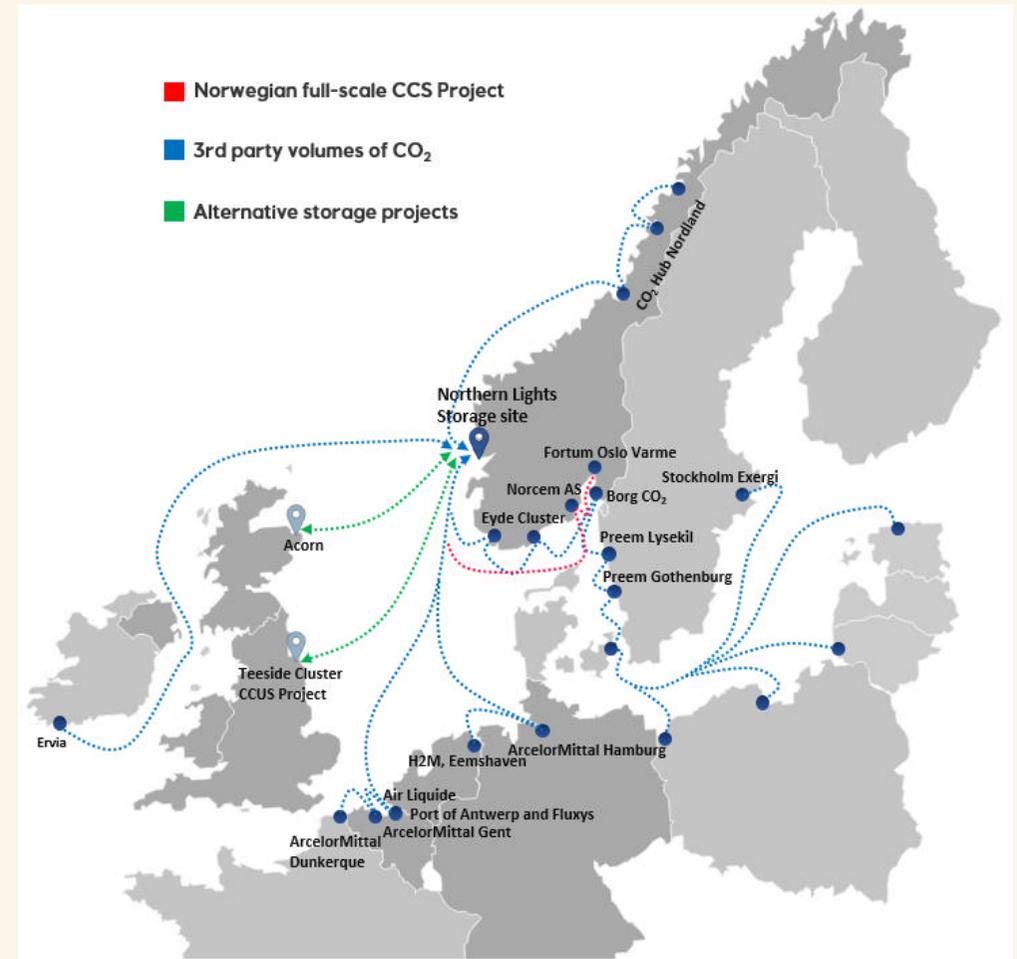


# Longship in short

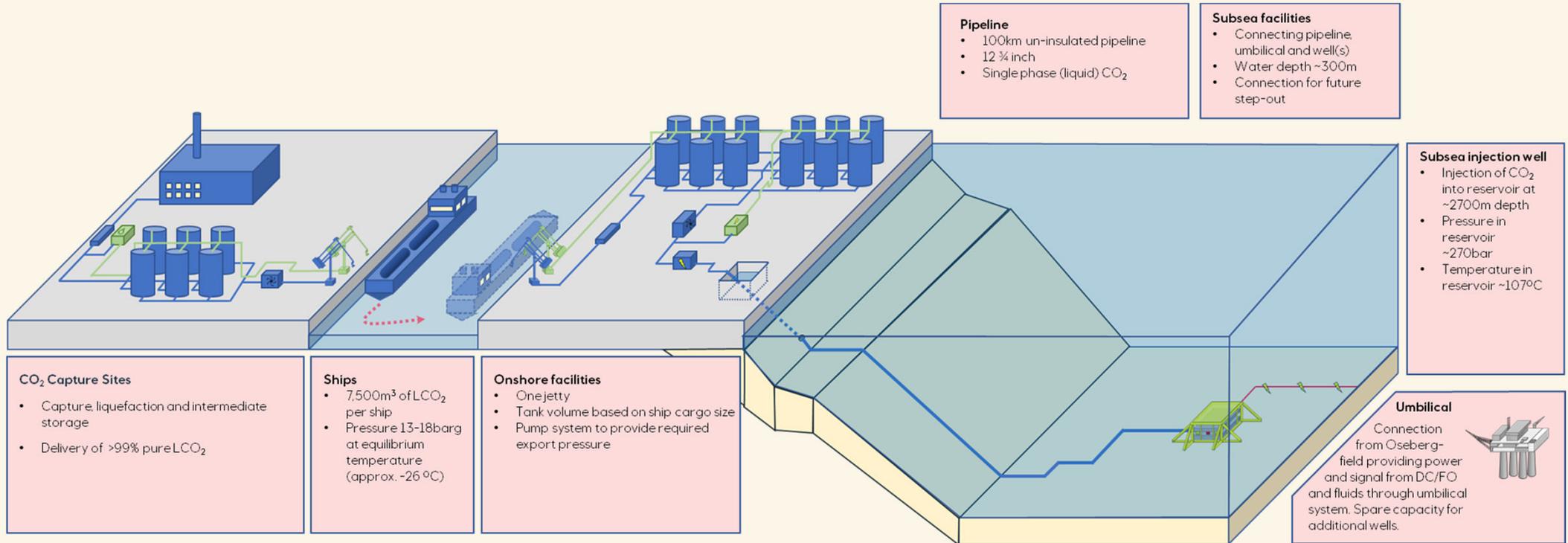


# CO<sub>2</sub> transport by ship

- Cargo Systems for CO<sub>2</sub>
- 'LPG standard' design
- Initially two ships
  - Transport capacity scalable with number of ships
- A fleet is required for the planned scale-up
  - perfect for driving ship technology and fuels development



# Northern Lights – concept overview



# Onshore plant

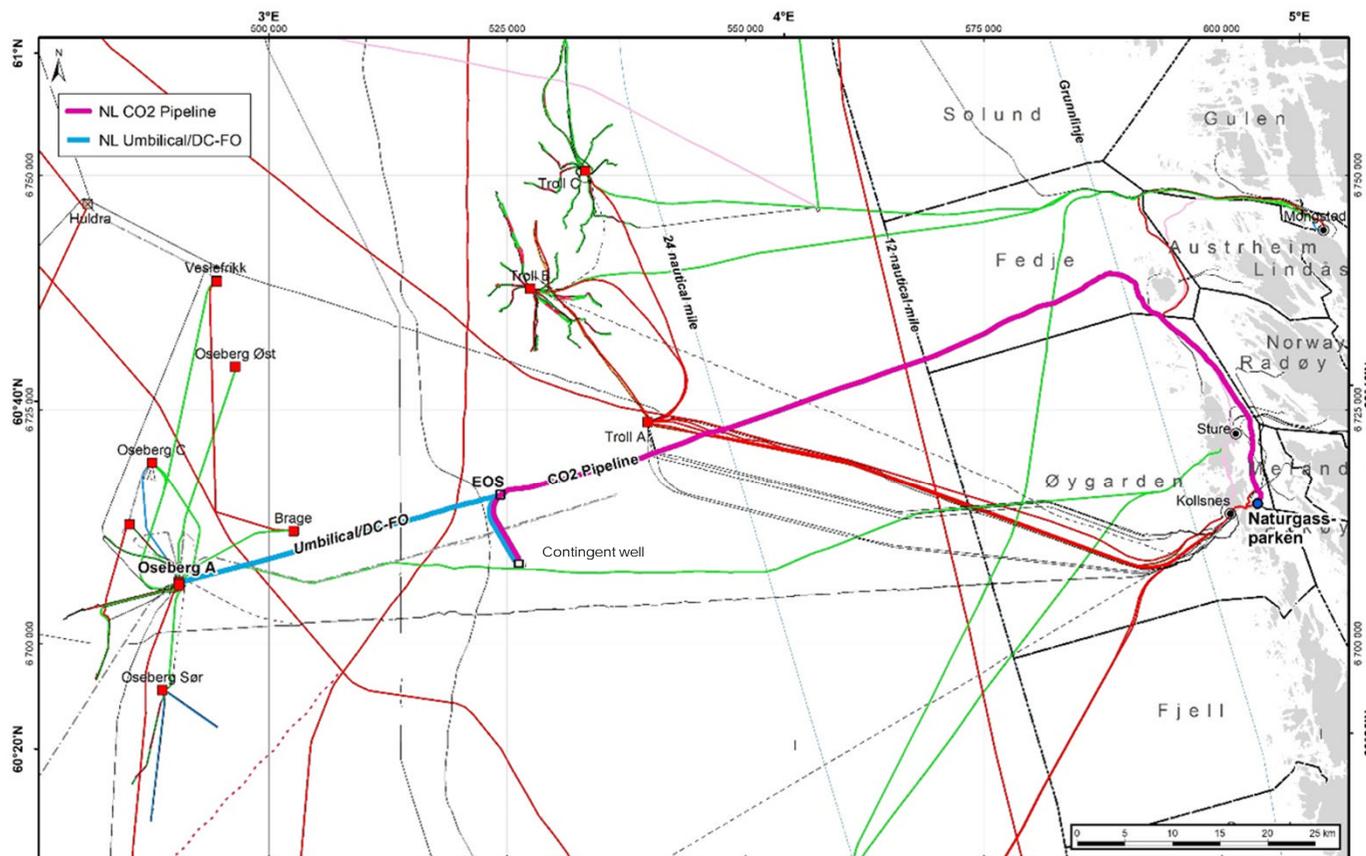
- Civil works completed winter 2022
- Import jetty construction ongoing
- Fabrication and installation of plant started spring 2022
- Project office and visitor centre in place
- Additional area for expansion included



March 2022



# Pipeline and subsea facilities



# Pipeline and subsea facilities



→ Eos template installed in 2019, well 31/5-7 drilled in 2020

→ 2022

- Installation of template for contingent well
- Drilling and completion of Eos and contingent well
- Installation of umbilical-DC/FO

→ 2023

- Pipeline installation
- Installation of flow base and Christmas trees, subsea nodes, tie-in and hook-up

→ 2024

- CO<sub>2</sub> filling

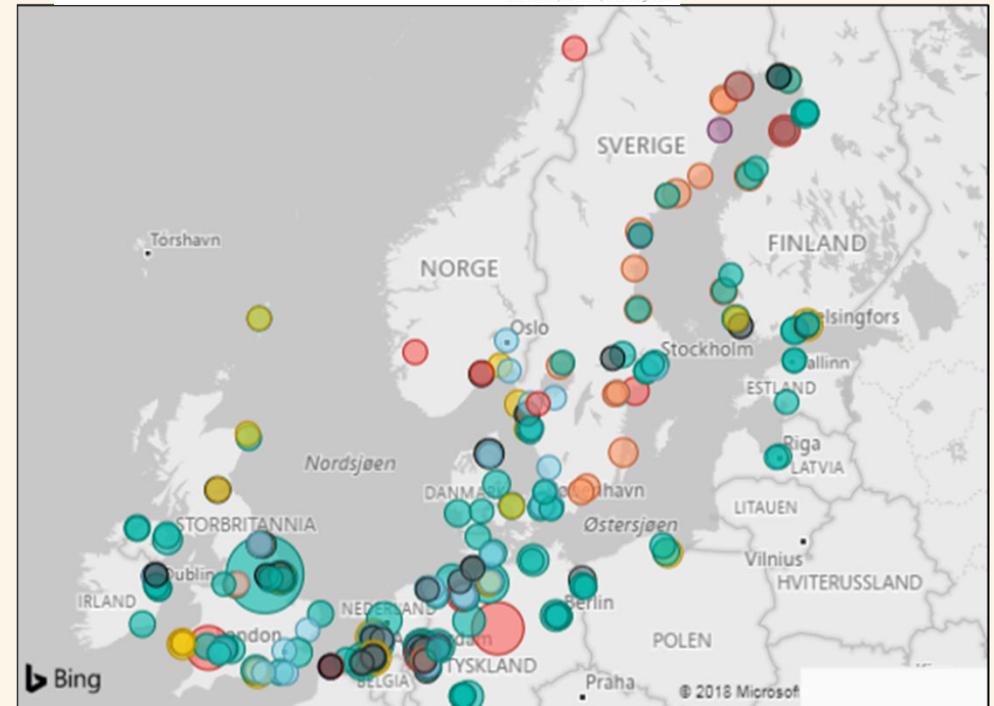
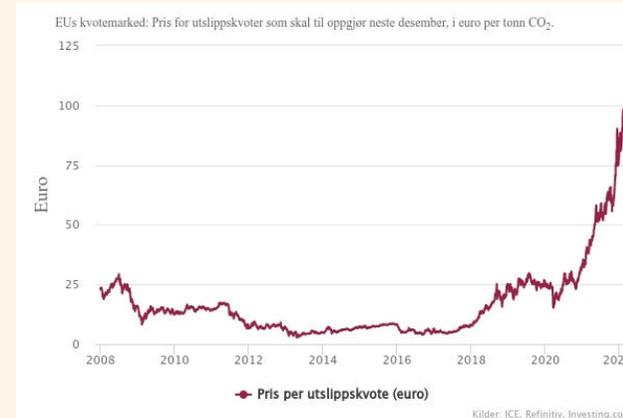


# Market Context

→ Large potential with long-life sectors:

- Waste incineration
- Cement
- Steel and other metal
- Refinery
- Fertilisers, ammonia, power from natural gas
- Biomass and biofuel
- Direct Air Capture (DAC)

→ Northern Lights is relevant and within reach for about 350 large scale emitters in Europe



# Northern Lights future phases



NEWS | 26 January 2022 | Brussels | Energy

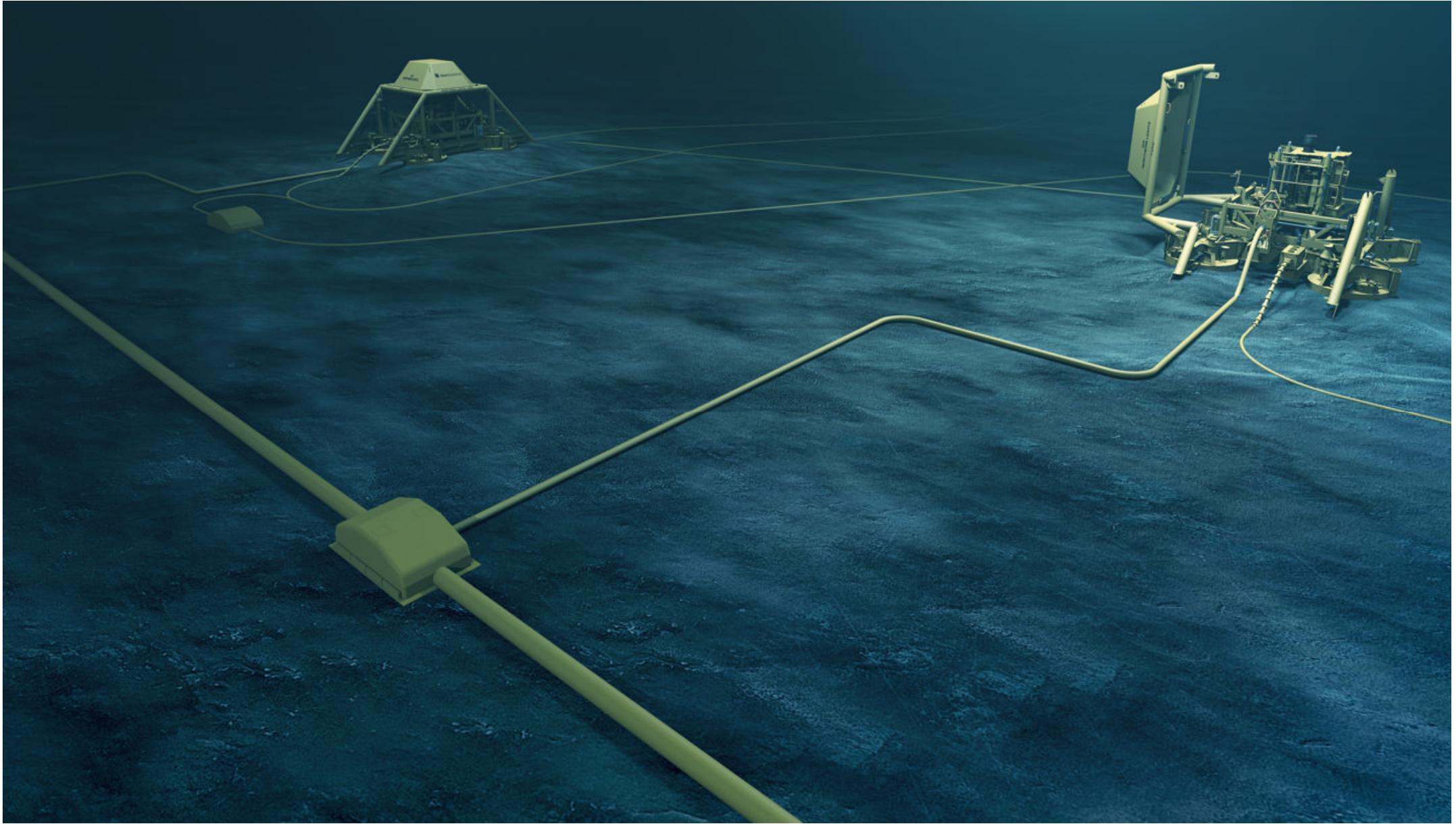
## EU invests over € 1 billion in energy infrastructure in support of the Green Deal



### Northern Lights Phase II (€4 million)

This study looks into the expansion of the CO<sub>2</sub> transport and temporary storage capacity in Norway, open to industrial clusters from across the EU, with the aim to accommodate additional demand.







# Summary

CO<sub>2</sub> capture



Transport



Receiving terminal

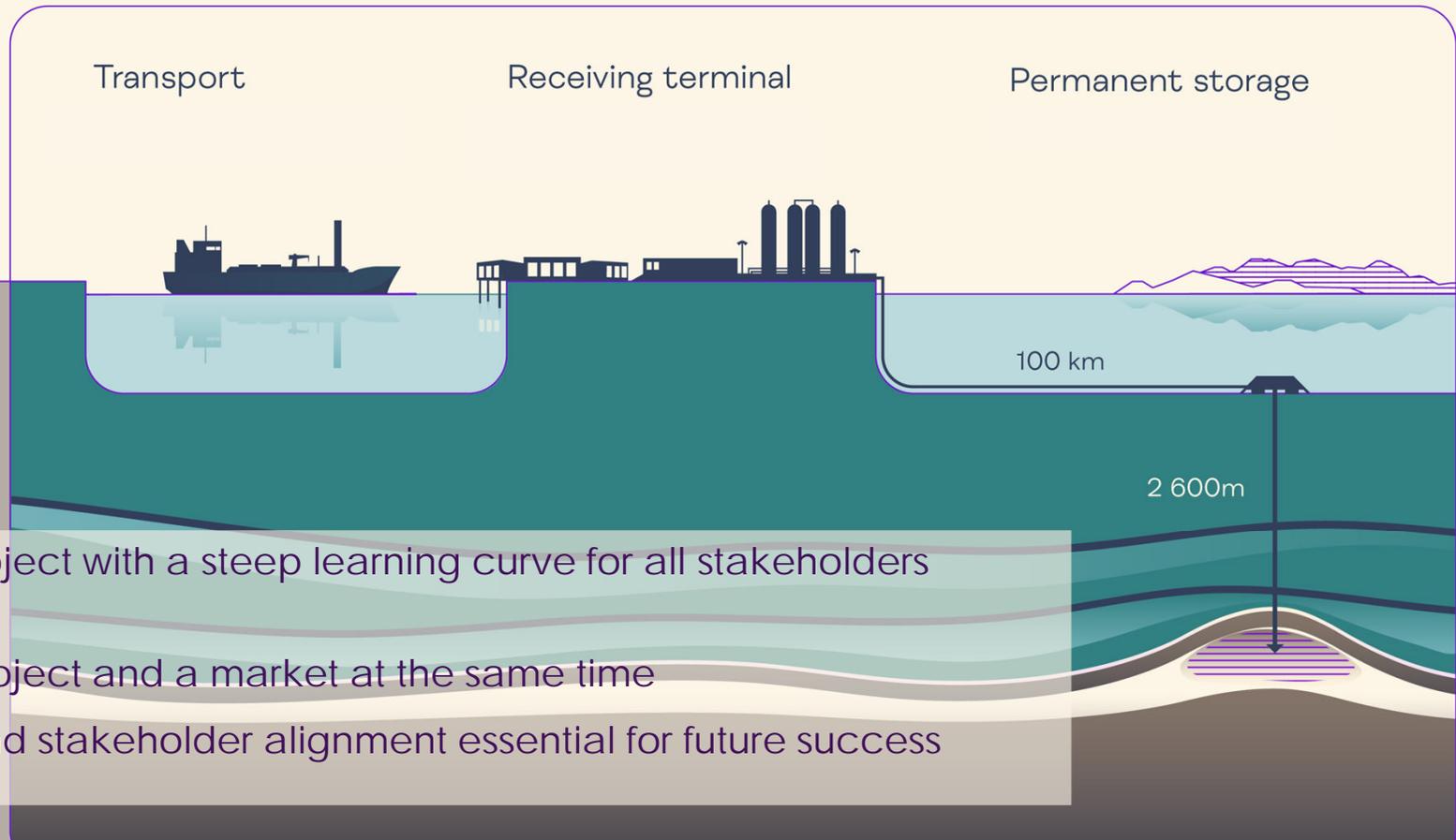


Permanent storage

100 km

2 600m

- First of a kind project with a steep learning curve for all stakeholders involved
- Developing a project and a market at the same time
- Collaboration and stakeholder alignment essential for future success





**Northern  
Lights**